

# CRAYFISH CREEK

an alternate future

To **promote** habitat and minimize the effects of sedimentation, an **enhancement** of Crayfish Creek is **mandatory**.

STUDENT: EMILY ROGERS PROFESSORS: DR. JON CALABRIA & DR. JAY SHELTON LAND4911 INDEPENDENT STUDY

## INTRO:

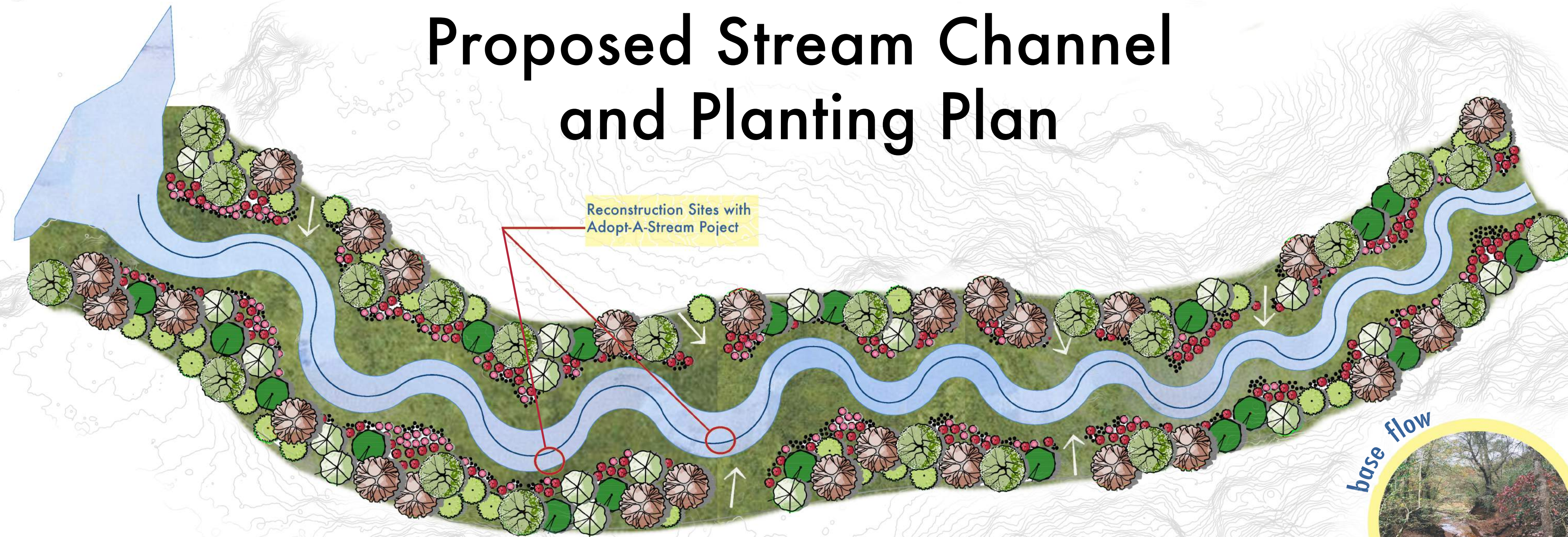
- Crayfish Creek, a tributary of the Chattahoochee, is negatively impacted by the generation of hydropower from Buford Dam.
- With 56% of the watershed developed, and over 11% impervious surfaces, rapidly traveling polluted runoff obscures the natural flow pattern and water composition.
- Current conditions endanger habitat for spawning trout.
- Creek is a highlighted stop along a proposed greenway, and will be a community education model.

## METHODS:

- Participated in field studies to document both existing conditions of longitudinal profile and assessments of pools to riffles.
- Surveyed existing cross sections at the locations for the proposed reconstruction.
- Utilized the Rosgen stream classification process to categorize and propose a possible stream enhancement plan.
- Identified invasive plant species in the floodplain.
- Collaborated with individuals and organizations spanning a broad width of backgrounds to most efficiently reach well rounded conclusions.

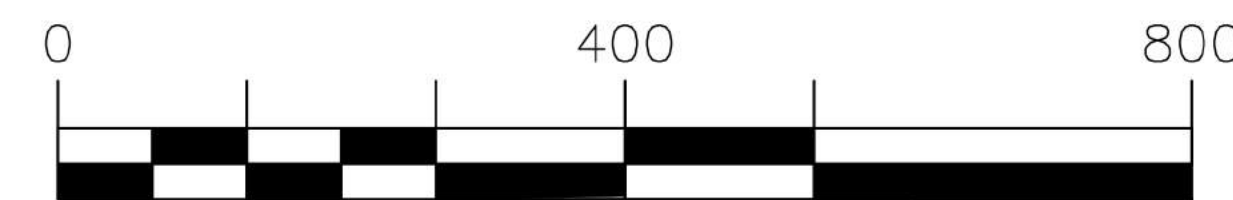
## CONCLUSIONS:

- Re-establish stream access to floodplain.
- Establish bankfull bench and a meandering channel.
- Eradicate invasive species
- Use native plant community Planting Schedule to be expanded upon, but for simplicity of poster is displayed as illustrated.

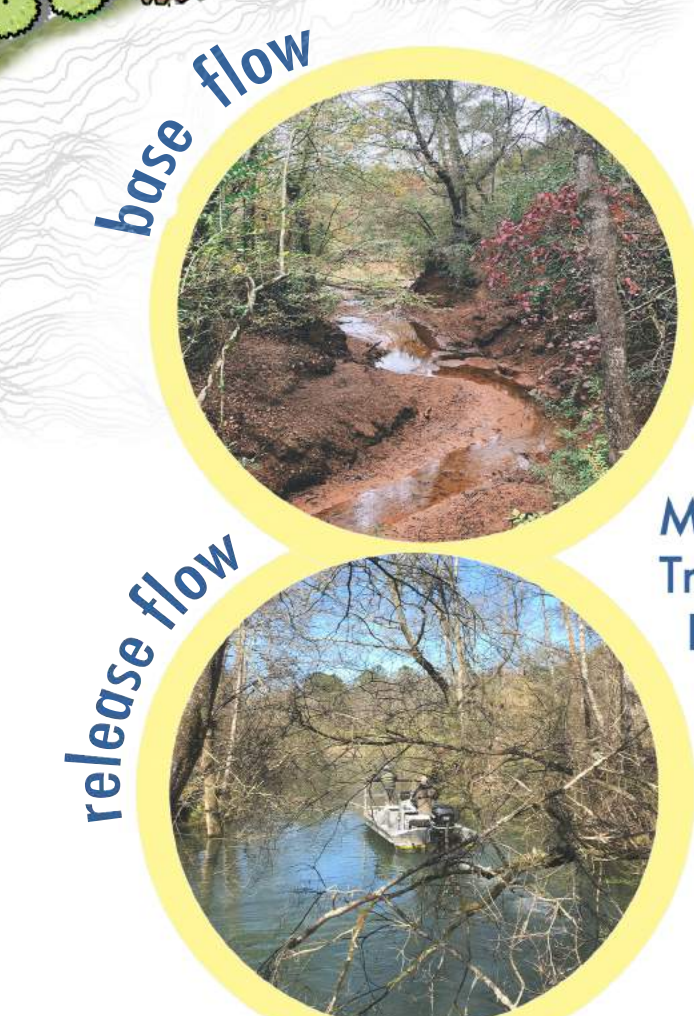
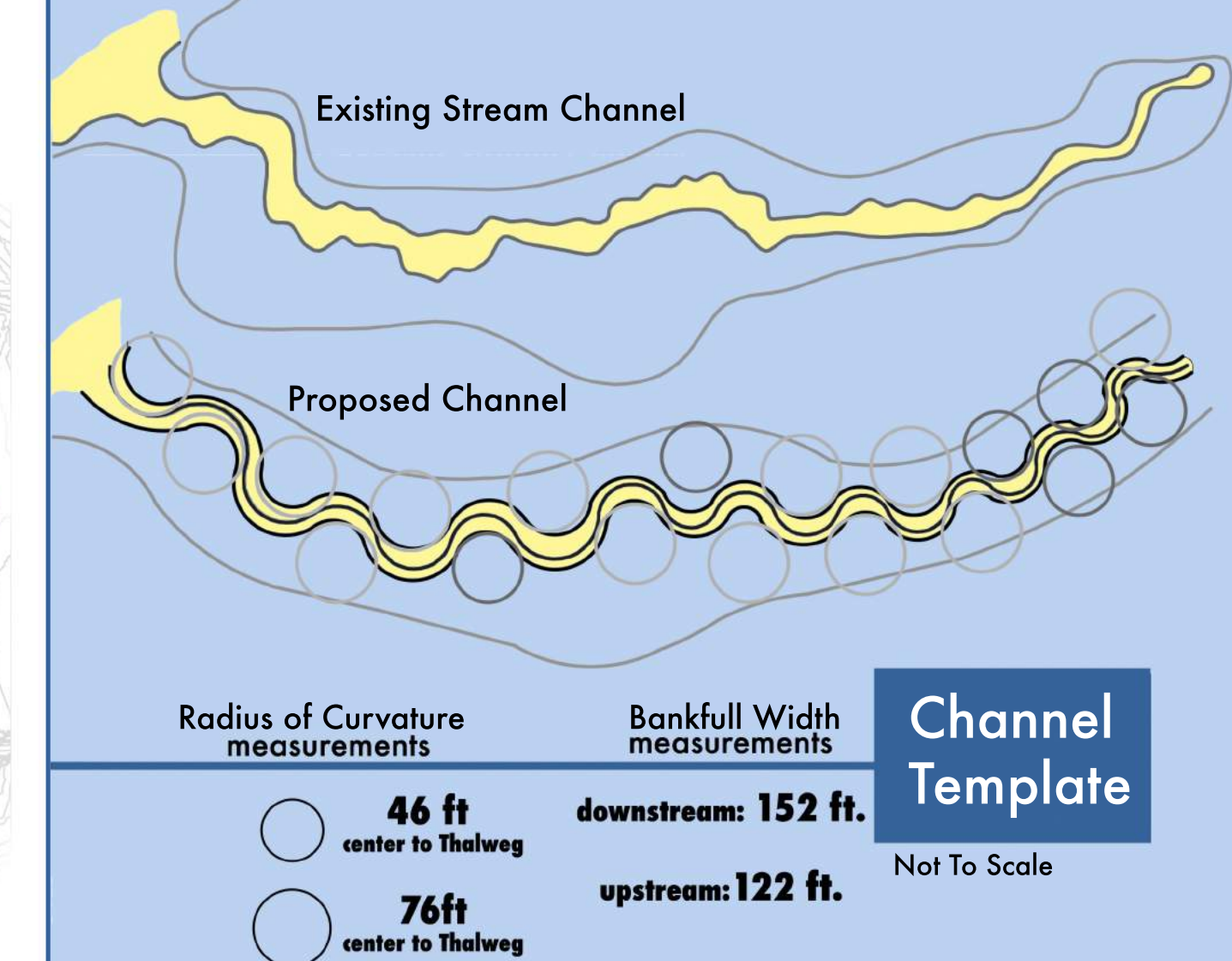


PLANT SCHEDULE				
TREES	CODE	CITY	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME
	AR	26	Acer rubrum	Red Maple
	CA	85	Cornus amomum	Silly Dogwood
	FG	32	Fraxinus pennsylvanica	Green Ash
	FO	21	Platanus occidentalis	American Sycamore
	ON	8	Quercus nigra	Water Oak
	SA	4	Salix x 'Americana'	Americana Willow
SHRUBS				
	CODE	CITY	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME
	FG2	334	Fothergilla gardenii	Dwarf Fothergilla
	EV	11	Rhododendron viscosum	Swamp Azalea

- FLOODPLAIN MIX 1 LB/20 ACRES \$40.50 SOURCE: ERNST
- TRAIL ENTRANCE TO FLOODPLAIN
- PROPOSED THALWEG



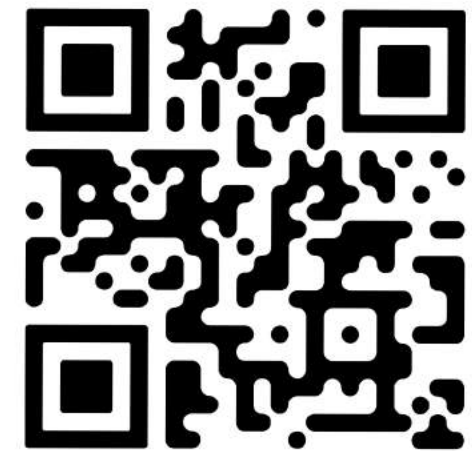
## BANKFULL WIDTH COMPARISON



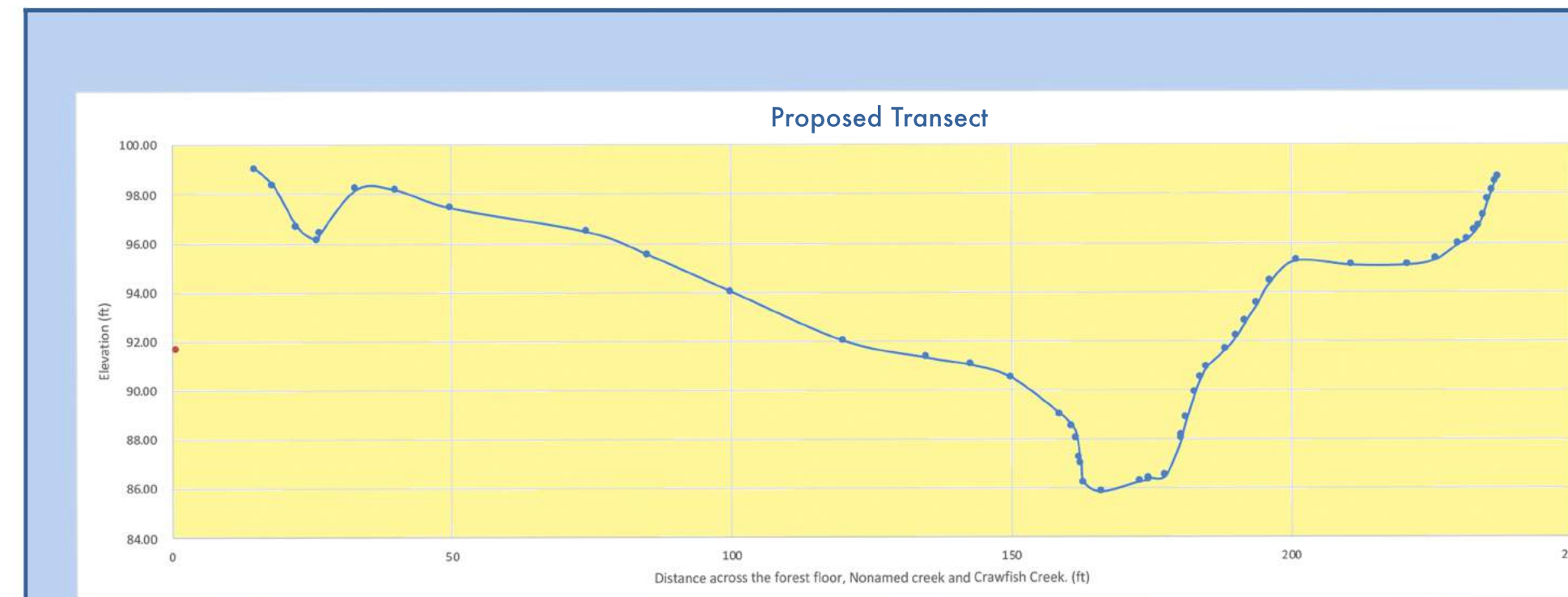
## BASE VS. RELEASE FLOW PHOTO COMPARISON



For More Info:



SCAN ME



PROPOSED	
NCD Parameters	0.60
Area	132.1
Width	51.0
Mean Depth	2.6
Max Depth	5.8
WD Ratio	19.7
Entrenchment Ratio*	3.6
Sinuosity	1.28
Entrenchment Category	C
Stream Type (Letter)	
*manual formula	
Entrenchment Ratio* 2 *MaxD	11.52
Locate stations at this elev (cell M17)	97.38
Width at this elevation (subtract STATIONS)	184.40
Enhanced Stream Flood-prone Ratio:	3.431239369
Bankfull Elev XS 1	91.62

EXISTING	
NCD Parameters	0.60
Area	123.8
Width	35.0
Mean Depth	3.5
Max Depth	5.8
WD Ratio	9.9
Entrenchment Ratio*	5.2
Sinuosity	1.28
Entrenchment Category	C
Stream Type (Letter)	
*manual formula	
Entrenchment Ratio* 2 *MaxD	11.52
Locate stations at this elev (cell M17)	97.38
Width at this elevation (subtract STATIONS)	183.00

## Transect Data Collection, Interpretation, and Application

To properly assess the stream, transects (cross sections) were taken in the field. This data spans an area close to stormwater drainage pipe. The chart to the left is the proposed compilation of data expressed in the Enhanced Transect Graph directly below. The Current Conditions Transect data is expressed in the graph on the bottom right. In reconstruction, a cross-sectional area of 260 ft<sup>2</sup> of dirt will be removed and repurposed in the construction of bankfull benches and lowering bank angles.

Crayfish Creek lacks a well-established bankfull for the channel to respond in a healthy fashion when Buford Dam generates hydropower. The creek's slope is within .01% to .02%. At 1.2, the creek's sinuosity is classified moderate to high. However, these findings only express the creek's ability to hold a sinuous profile. Site visits found the stream's width to depth ratio prohibited healthy flow. Because in current condition, the stream's width to depth ratio is 9.9. With the enhanced transect, the ratio is raised to 12.8, well within a healthy shape and form. This allows the stream to respond and adjust to the already healthy sinuosity level of 1.28. In addition, the flood prone ratio increases 1.75 to approximately 3.43. These adjustments will enable Crayfish Creek to exhibit a healthy sequence of riffles to pools as can be observed in the Proposed Stream Profile and Planting Plan.