



Randolph County, Georgia



Findings

The Center for Community Design and Preservation (CCDP) located within the University of Georgia’s College of Environment + Design (CED) conducted a Phase I historic resource survey of Randolph County, Georgia in July 2008. The project area covered the approximately 425 square miles of unincorporated land within county limits. The county is bordered by Stewart to the north, Webster to the northeast, Terrell to the east, Calhoun to the southeast, Clay to the southwest, and Quitman to the west.

The resource survey was performed by graduate students in the Masters of Historic Preservation program (MHP) and the Masters of Landscape Architecture program (MLA) at the CED. The survey consisted of background research, windshield and pedestrian field work, data collection and analysis.

Summary

A total of 142 resources were documented that meet and maintain a minimum level of age, integrity, and significance. The construction date of all identified resources range from 1818-1949. The period with the most extant resources was 1900-1909 with 34 (23.9%) followed by 1890-1899 with 21 (14.6%).

Of the resources 101 are buildings and 41 are burial sites. From the buildings surveyed, 35 are vacant, 58 are single family dwellings, 4 are religious facilities, 2 are businesses, and 2 are multifamily dwellings. Styles identified from the single family dwellings are Craftsman (7), Folk Victorian (6), Queen Anne Revival (3), Greek Revival (1), and Neoclassical Revival (2). 42 did not exhibit any type of High Style architecture, and are consider to be of no academic style.

Field Surveyors:

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