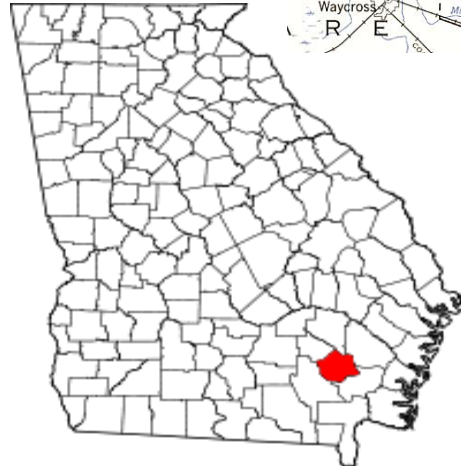
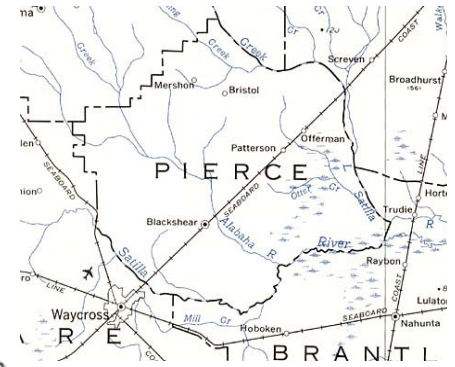




Pierce County, Georgia



Findings

The Center for Community Design and Preservation (CCDP) located within the University of Georgia’s College of Environment + Design (CED) conducted a Phase I historic resource survey of Pierce County, Georgia in July 2016. The project area covered the 316 square miles of the county, identifying only unincorporated resources. Pierce county is located in southwest Georgia and is bordered by Bacon, Appling, and Ware counties to the south and west. The resource survey was performed by historic preservation professionals, and graduate students in the Masters of Historic Preservation program (MHP) at the CED. The survey consisted of background research, windshield and pedestrian field work, data collection and analysis.

The information collected by the field survey was entered into Georgia’s Natural, Archaeological, and Historic Resources Geographical Information System (GNARHGIS) which is the repository for all of the current statewide historic resources survey data. The information was entered under ID 2336.

Summary

A total of 111 resources were documented that meet and maintain a minimum level of age, integrity, and significance. These resources are primarily buildings with 90 remaining county wide. Pierce County has a wide variety of extant building types; the front gable bungalow is the most common (17%), followed by the ranch house(11.7%).

A total of 79 (71.2%) documented structures exhibited no architectural style. Buildings in unincorporated areas usually do not embody high styles, and this figure is representative of vernacular architecture across the state. The variance in building type and architectural styles in unincorporated Pierce County is typical for historically agrarian Georgia communities.

Field Surveyors:

Audrey Thomas and Emma Keethler



